

## INDIAN SCHOOL AL BURAIMI BIOLOGY WORKSHEET

NAME :				DATE:	
STD : X				Worksheet 7	7
<u>TO</u> 1	PIC- HERED	<u>ITY</u>			
1. Study carefully an incomplete between plants with round and y coloured seeds. R indicates factor seeds and y indicate green colou questions.	ellow coloured r for round see	d seeds and p ds; <mark>r</mark> for wrir	lants with wrin lkled seeds; <mark>Y</mark> f	kled and green or yellow colou	
	RY	Ry	rY	ry	
		A			
RY					
KI				В	
D.					
Ry			C		
			С		
rY					
11				D	
ry					
A. What characters Mendel notice	ced in F1?				
B. What characters the plants ha	d at position A	B C D in th	e checker board	!?	
C. How many new combination	of characters a	ppeared in F	2 generation? N	lame them.	
					-
D. Which of the parental charact	ers appeared i	n F2 generati	on and in what	proportion?	

2. Write a monohybrid cross between pea plants homozygous for pink flower colour and white flower colour. Write the F2 genotypic and phenotypic ratio.				
<ul><li>3. A plant has two varieties, one with red petals and the other with white petals. When these varieties were cross-pollinated, all the offsprings have red petals.</li><li>a) Which gene is dominant? b) Choose suitable letters to represent the two genes.</li></ul>				
4. a) <b>E</b> is the gene for brown eye colour and <b>e</b> is the gene for blue eye colour. Which gene is				
recessive and which gene is dominant?				
b) Both father and mother has the genes <b>Ee</b> in their cells. What colour are their eyes?				
c) Which combination of genes in their zygote will produce children with blue eyes?				
d) Which combinations of genes in their zygote will produce children with brown eyes?				
5. Mustard crops are growing in two fields A and B. While field A produced brown seeds, field B produced yellow seeds. It was observed that in field A, the offsprings showed only the parental trait for consecutive generations, whereas in field B, majority of the offsprings showed a variation in the progeny. What are the probable reasons for these?				
6. A person first crossed pure-breed pea plants having round-yellow seeds with pure-breed pea plants having wrinkled-green seeds and found that only A-B type of seeds were produced in the F1-generation. When F1-generation pea plants having A-B type of seeds were cross-bred by self-pollination, then in addition to the original round yellow and wrinkled green seeds, two new varieties A-D and C-B types of seeds were also obtained.				
(i) What are A-B type of seeds?				
(ii) State whether A and B are dominant traits or recessive traits.				
(iii) What are A-D type of seeds?				
(iv) What are C-B type of seeds?				
(v) Out of A-B and A-D types of seeds, which one will be produced in				
(a) minimum number in the F2-generation?				
b) maximum number in the F2-generation?				